

Money, Money, Money!

Geography

- Locating countries within continents around the world – focussing on South America and Asia– through looking at Fairtrade products and where they come from.

Prior learning: Year 4 – identifying and locating the 7 continents and 5 oceans, particular focus on Asia and Antarctica.

Year 5 – Adding in the tropical belts and beginning to know about biomes. Particular focus on Northern Africa when learning about Ancient Egypt.

- Understand economic activity, including trade links through looking at the journey of chocolate from Dominican Republic.

Prior learning: Year 4 – looking at settlement in Colchester and learning about settlement around the Yellow River during the Shang Dynasty.

Year 5 – understanding the effect of the Nile flooding on human settlement.

- Case study of the Conacado co-operative in Dominican Republic.

Prior learning: Y3 – learning about London, its landmarks and river.

Year 4 – Learning about Greece, where it is in relation to the UK and some of its historical landmarks.

Year 5 – learning about the Amazon Rainforest.

Computing

- The use of Excel spreadsheets to record expenditure on coffee morning.

Prior learning: Microsoft word.

Concepts

Our Planet: Recognising the role of sustainability in farming. Understanding that a large proportion is imported from developing countries.

Equity and equality: Looking at the distribution of the world's wealth and how profit

Design Technology

- To independently bake products for a coffee morning following chosen recipes

Prior learning: Chopping, grating and slicing to make pizzas in Year 3.

Art

- To create a money or money symbol sculpture from cardboard.

Prior learning: Year 4- mythical monster sculpture using paper mache technique.

Year 3- Chicken wire sculpture in the style of Henry Moore using mod-

Vocabulary

Sustainability	To ensure that the planet and all of its resources do not run out and can continue to provide a home for humans, animals and plants.
Equity and equality	Equality is when everything is equal while equity is getting what you need to be able to achieve equally.
Trade	The action of buying and selling services or products.
Distribution	The way in which something is shared out in a group.
Import	To bring goods into a country from abroad.
Export	To send goods to other countries.
Profit	The difference between the amount earned and the amount spent.
Interest	Money paid regularly for the use of money lent or to repay a debt.